



**ARAMIS
LAB**
BRAIN DATA SCIENCE



FACULTY OF
APPLIED SCIENCES

23 – 25 July 2018

Lviv Data Science Summer School 2018

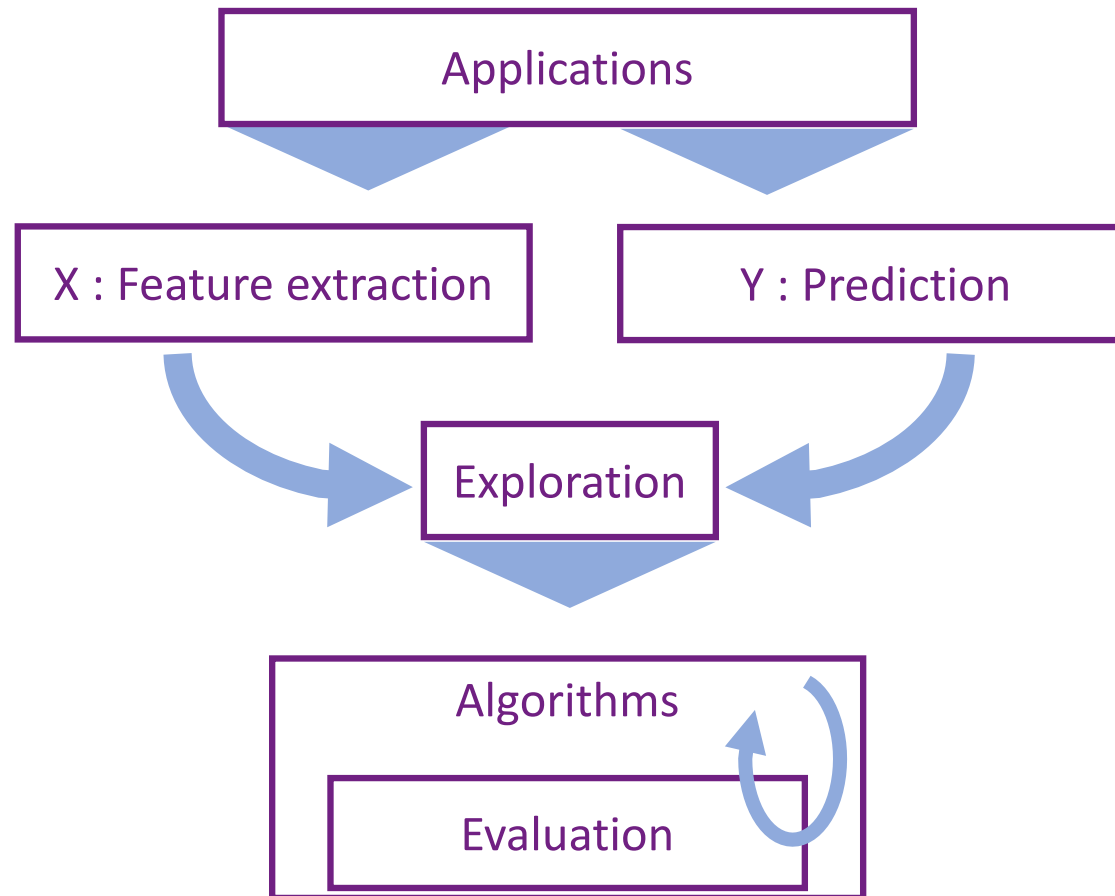
Machine Learning for Medical Applications: Algorithms

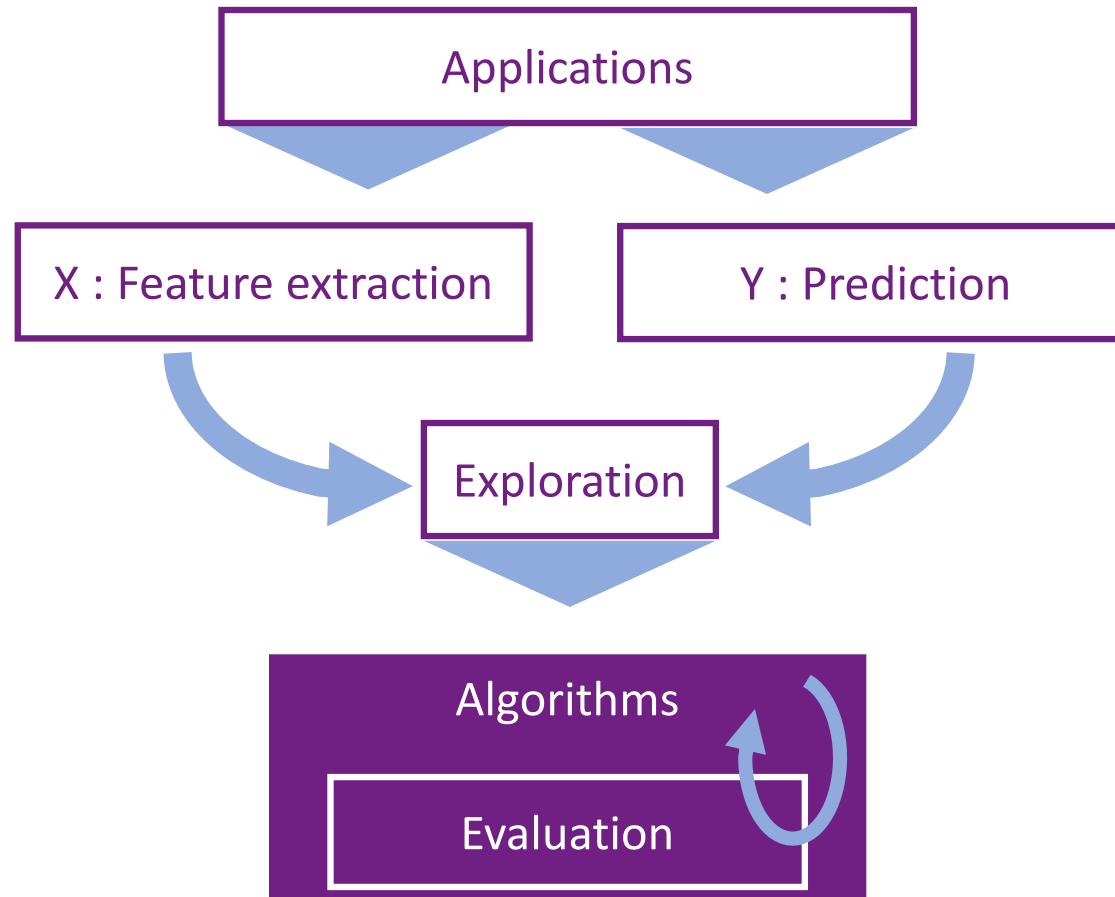
Igor Koval

PhD Student in Applied Mathematics

Brain and Spine Institute, Pitié Salpêtrière Hospital, Paris, France
& Mathematical Laboratory of Ecole Polytechnique

igor.koval@icm-institute.org





Algorithms

Unsupervised

Clustering

- K-Means
- DBSCAN
- Spectral clustering
- Density models
- ...

Supervised

Classification

- SVM & Kernels
- Logistic Regression
- Decision Trees:
 - RandomForest
 - AdaBoost
 - ...
- ...

Regression

- Regression
 - Linear
 - Ridge penalty
 - Lasso penalty
 - ElasticNet penalty
- Decision Trees
- ...

Will be deepened during the practical session

sklearn is your best friend

http://scikit-learn.org/stable/tutorial/machine_learning_map/index.html

Deep Learning in Lecture 5.

Semi-Supervised

Part of the data is not labeled but used to determine some "density" around labeled data

Weakly-Supervised

The data are not labeled with the good labels

The algorithm optimizes a loss function

≠

Algorithms are compared according to a given metric

Unsupervised

Clustering

- The key challenge is to know if a metric fits the task of comparing clustering algorithms

Supervised

Classification

- ROC Curve & AUC
- True/False Positive/Negative
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Precision_and_recall

Regression

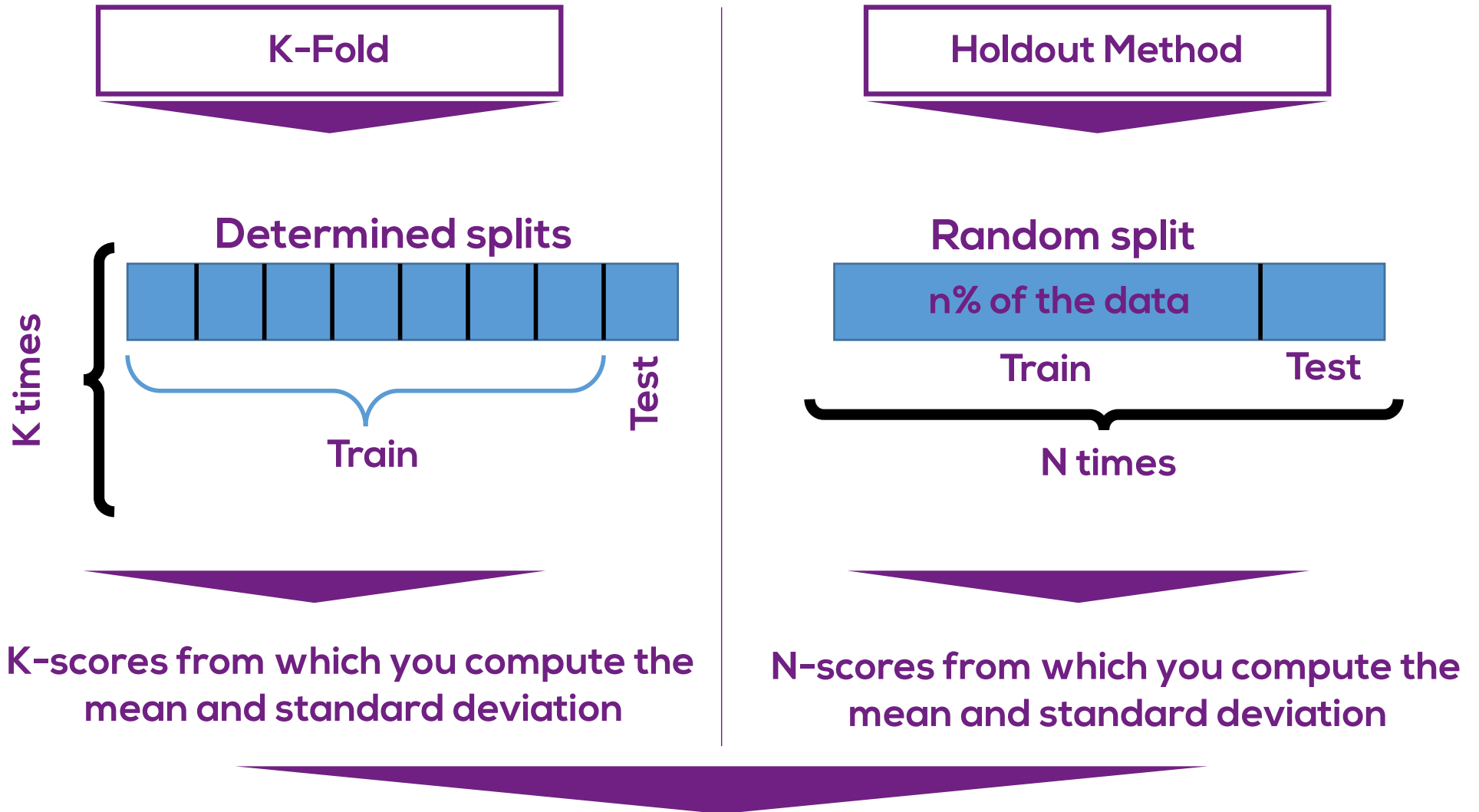
- Mean absolute error L1-norm
- Mean squared error L2-norm
- Median absolute error
- R^2 score
- ...

Too vast to cover all the metrics

<http://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/classes.html#module-sklearn.metrics>

Be careful for unbalanced classes !

Validation



K-Fold

Holdout Method

Determined splits

Random split

K times

n% of the data



Train

Test

Train

Test

N times

K-scores from which you compute the mean and standard deviation

N-scores from which you compute the mean and standard deviation

It is possible to mix : N k-Fold

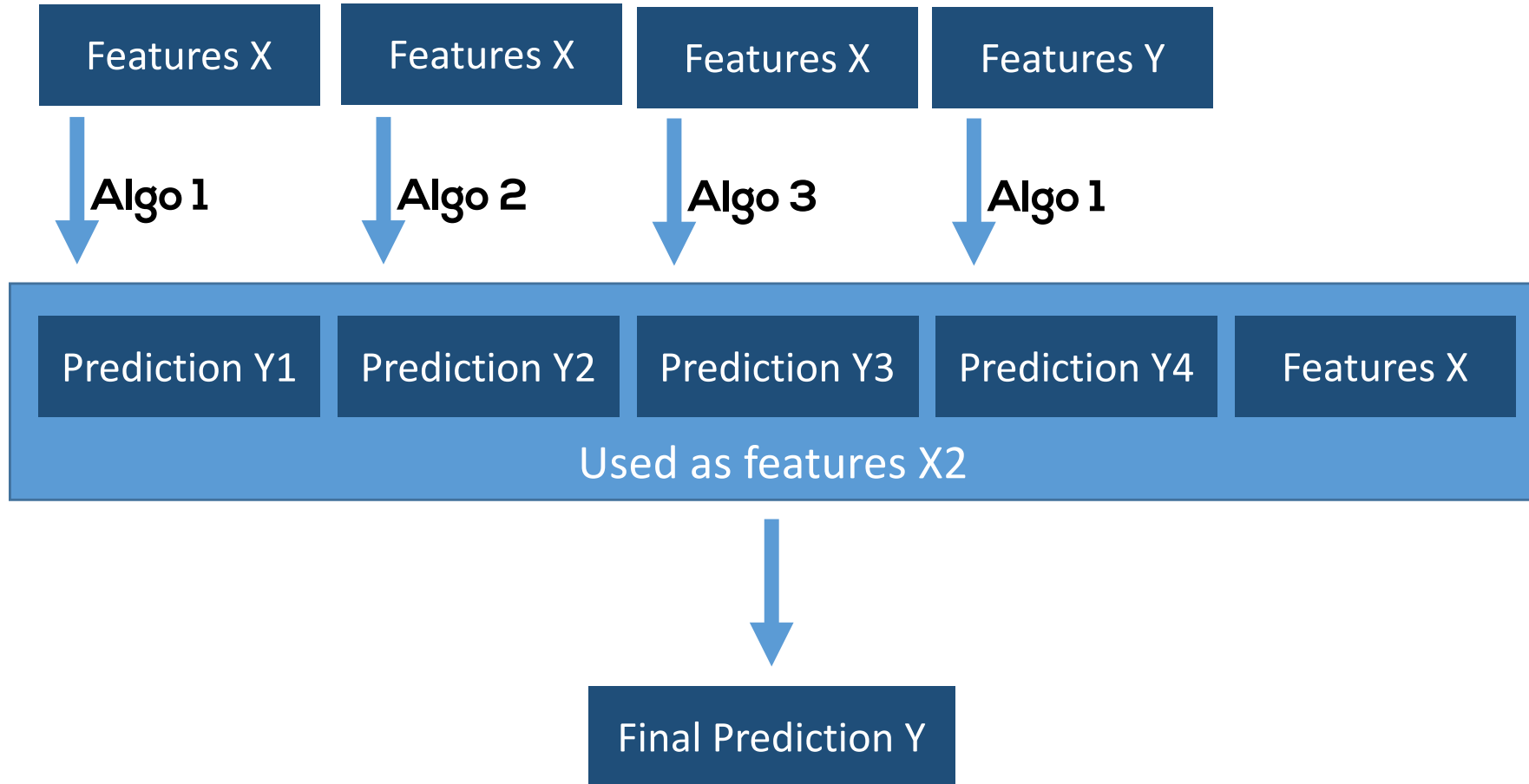
Hyperparameters learning



But you need part of the data to learn the hyperparameters



Ensembling methods



Practical session

Objective :

1. Prediction of current stage of Alzheimer's Disease
2. Prediction of future stages
3. Trajectory patterns with longitudinal data

Data :

TADPOLE

- Different algorithms
- Hyperparameters tuning
- Cross-validation